Climate

Angola is located in the tropical climate zone. We highlight three major cliamte zones, namely, the Tropical humid climate, the dry Trapical Climate and the hot desert climate .

The humid tropical climate extends over almost the entire national territory, except for the central and southern coast and the southern border. The humid tropical climate presents a longer rainy season than the dry season.

The dry tropical climate covers a coastal strip from the south of Luanda to the hot desert climate zone in the Namibe region, and the rest of the southern border.

The hot desert climate covers the southwest of Angola. It presents a very little or almost zero annual precipitation.

The main climatic factor that contributes to climate variation in Angola has to do with its latitude, whose influence is attenuated as other factors such as the altitude, the cold current of Benguela and the proximity or remoteness in relation to the sea intervene.

Any of these factors causes climatic elements to manifest differently on the coast or in the interior of the country. The coldest months of the year, in Angola, are June, July and August. The hottest month varies depending on where we are:

- In the northern coastal zone, it occurs between March and April;
- In the central and southern part of the country, between September and October

The dry season runs from May to August and the rainy season from September to April. In the Namibe desert, rainfall is so low that, although there are some rains from October to May, all other months can be considered dry.